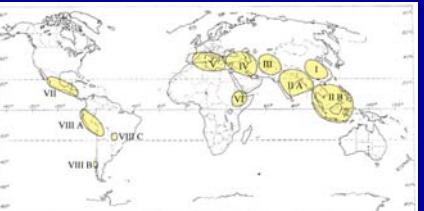


History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

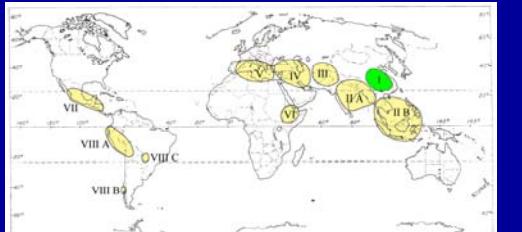
Lecture 5
Centers of Origin of Crop Plants



The eight Vavilovian Centers of Origin for crop plants

OLD WORLD

I. Chinese Center: The largest independent center which includes the mountainous regions of central and western China, and adjacent lowlands.
A total of 136 endemic plants are listed, among which are a few known to us as important crops.



Cereals and Legumes

1. Broomcorn millet, *Panicum miliaceum*
2. Italian millet, *Panicum italicum*
3. Japanese barnyard millet, *Panicum frumentaceum*
4. Kaoliang, *Andropogon sorghum*
5. Buckwheat, *Fagopyrum esculentum*
6. Hull-less barley, *Hordeum hexastichum*
7. Soybean, *Glycine hispida*
8. Adzuki bean, *Phaseolus angularis*
9. Velvet bean, *Stizolobium hassjoo*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Roots, Tubers, and Vegetables

1. Chinese yam, *Dioscorea batatas*
2. Radish, *Raphanus sativus*
3. Chinese cabbage, *Brassica chinensis*, *B. pekinensis*
4. Onion, *Allium chinense*, *A. fistulosum*, *A. pekinense*
5. Cucumber, *Cucumis sativus*

Fruits and Nuts

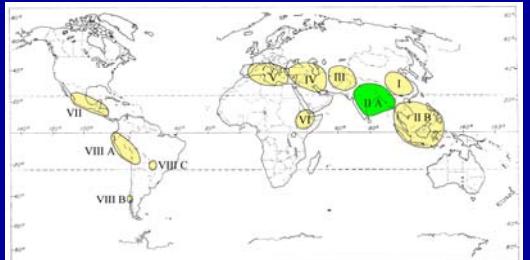
1. Pear, *Pyrus serotina*, *P. ussuriensis*
2. Chinese apple, *Malus asiatica*
3. Peach, *Prunus persica*
4. Apricot, *Prunus armeniaca*
5. Cherry, *Prunus pseudocerasus*
6. Walnut, *Juglans sinensis*
7. Litchi, *Litchi chinensis*

Sugar, Drug, and Fiber Plants

1. Sugarcane, *Saccharum sinense*
2. Opium poppy, *Papaver somniferum*
3. Ginseng, *Panax ginseng*
4. Camphor, *Cinnamomum camphora*
5. Hemp, *Cannabis sativa*

II. Indian Center: This area has two subcenters.
A. Main Center (Hindustan): Includes Assam and Burma, but not Northwest India, Punjab, nor Northwest Frontier Provinces.

In this area, 117 plants were considered to be endemic.



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Cereals and Legumes

1. Rice, *Oryza sativa*
2. Chickpea or gram, *Cicer arietinum*
3. Pigeon pea, *Cajanus indicus*
4. Urd bean, *Phaseolus mungo*
5. Mung bean, *Phaseolus aureus*
6. Rice bean, *Phaseolus calcaratus*
7. Cowpea, *Vigna sinensis*

Vegetables and Tubers

1. Eggplant, *Solanum melongena*
2. Cucumber, *Cucumis sativus*
3. Radish, *Raphanus caudatus* (pods eaten)
4. Taro, *Colocasia antiquorum*
5. Yam, *Dioscorea alata*

Fruits

1. Mango, *Mangifera indica*
2. Orange, *Citrus sinensis*
3. Tangerine, *Citrus nobilis*
4. Citron, *Citrus medica*
5. Tamarind, *Tamarindus indica*

Sugar, Oil, and Fiber Plants

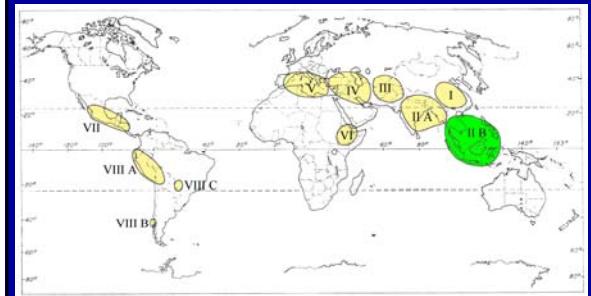
1. Sugar cane, *Saccharum officinarum*
2. Coconut palm, *Cocos nucifera*
3. Sesame, *Sesamum indicum*
4. Safflower, *Carthamus tinctorius*
5. Tree cotton, *Gossypium arboreum*
6. Oriental cotton, *Gossypium nanking*
7. Jute, *Corchorus capsularis*
8. Crotalaria, *Crotalaria juncea*
9. Kenaf, *Hibiscus cannabinus*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Spices, Stimulants, Dyes, and Miscellaneous

1. Hemp, *Cannabis indica*
2. Black pepper, *Piper nigrum*
3. Gum arabic, *Acacia arabica*
4. Sandalwood, *Santalum album*
5. Indigo, *Indigofera tinctoria*
6. Cinnamon tree, *Cinnamomum zeylanicum*
7. Croton, *Croton tiglium*
8. Bamboo, *Bambusa tulda*

II B. Indo-Malayan Center: Includes Indo-China and the Malay Archipelago.
Fifty-five plants were listed, including:



Cereals and Legumes
1. Job's tears, *Coix lacryma*
2. Velvet bean, *Mucuna utilis*

Fruits
1. Pummelo, *Citrus grandis*
2. Banana, *Musa cavendishii, M. paradisiaca, M. sapientum*
3. Breadfruit, *Artocarpus communis*
4. Mangosteen, *Garcinia mangostana*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Oil, Sugar, Spice, and Fiber Plants

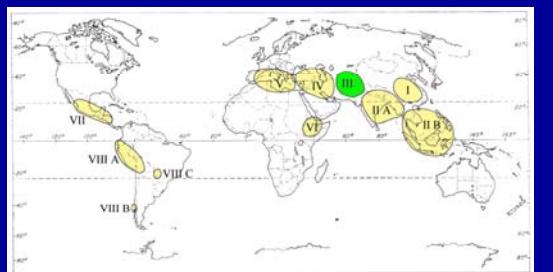
1. Candlenut, *Aleurites moluccana*
2. Cocoanut palm, *Cocos nucifera*
3. Sugarcane, *Saccharum officinarum*
4. Clove, *Caryophyllus aromaticus*
5. Nutmeg, *Myristica fragrans*
6. Black pepper, *Piper nigrum*
7. Manila hemp or abaca, *Musa textilis*

Far Eastern Crops

1. Adzuki bean
2. Yellow banana
3. Red banana
4. Green banana
5. Soybean
6. Coconut
7. Millet
8. Yam
9. Sugar cane
10. Rice



III. Central Asiatic Center: Includes Northwest India (Punjab, Northwest Frontier Provinces and Kashmir), Afghanistan, Tadjikistan, Uzbekistan, and western Tian-Shan.
This center lists 43 plants including many wheats.



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Grains and Legumes

1. Common wheat, *Triticum vulgare*
2. Club wheat, *Triticum compactum*
3. Shot wheat, *Triticum sphaerococcum*
4. Pea, *Pisum sativum*
5. Lentil, *Lens esculenta*
6. Horse bean, *Vicia faba*
7. Chickpea, *Cicer arietinum*
8. Mung bean, *Phaseolus aureus*
9. Mustard, *Brassica juncea*
10. Flax, *Linum usitatissimum* (one of the centers)
11. Sesame, *Sesamum indicum*

Fiber Plants

1. Hemp, *Cannabis indica*
2. Cotton, *Gossypium herbaceum*

Vegetables

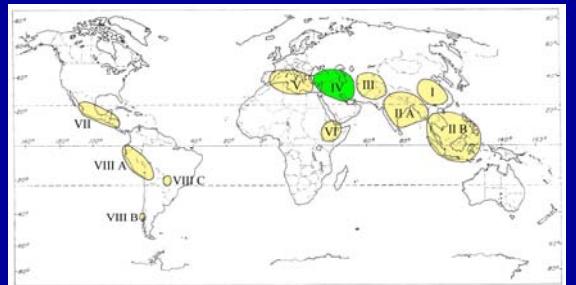
1. Onion, *Allium cepa*
2. Garlic, *Allium sativum*
3. Spinach, *Spinacia oleracea*
4. Carrot, *Daucus carota*

Fruits

1. Pistacia, *Pistacia vera*
2. Pear, *Pyrus communis*
3. Almond, *Amygdalus communis*
4. Grape, *Vitis vinifera*
5. Apple, *Malus pumila (M. sieversii)*

IV. Near-Eastern Center: Includes interior of Asia Minor, all of Transcaucasia, Iran, and the highlands of Turkmenistan.

This region lists 83 species including 9 species of wheat.



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Grains and Legumes

1. Einkorn wheat, *Triticum monococcum* ($2n = 14$)
2. Durum wheat, *Triticum durum* ($2n = 28$)
3. Poulard wheat, *Triticum turgidum* ($2n = 28$)
4. Common wheat, *Triticum vulgare* ($2n = 42$)
5. Oriental wheat, *Triticum orientale*
6. Persian wheat, *Triticum persicum* ($2n = 28$)
7. *Triticum timopheevii* ($2n = 28$)
8. *Triticum macha* ($2n = 42$)
9. *Triticum vavilovianum*, branched ($2n = 42$)
10. Two-row barleys, *Hordeum distichum*, *H. nutans*
11. Rye, *Secale cereale*
12. Mediterranean oats, *Avena byzantina*
13. Common oats, *Avena sativa*
14. Lentil, *Lens esculenta*
15. Lupine, *Lupinus pilosus*, *L. albus*

Forage Plants

1. Alfalfa, *Medicago sativa*
2. Persian clover, *Trifolium resupinatum*
3. Fenugreek, *Trigonella foenum graecum*
4. Vetch, *Vicia sativa*
5. Hairy vetch, *Vicia villosa*

Fruits

1. Fig, *Ficus carica*
2. Pomegranate, *Punica granatum*
3. Apple, *Malus pumila* (one of the centers)
4. Pear, *Pyrus communis* and others
5. Quince, *Cydonia oblonga*
6. Cherry, *Prunus cerasus*
7. Hawthorn, *Crataegus azarolus*

Near Eastern Crops

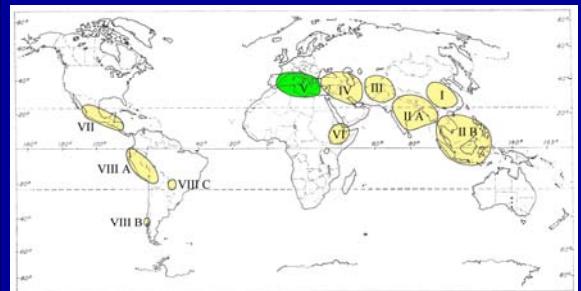


- | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. Lentil | 6. Olive | 11. Apricot |
| 2. Chickpea | 7. Barley | 12. Date |
| 3. Salt | 8. Walnut | 13. Wheat |
| 4. Peas | 9. Almond | 14. Fig |
| 5. Raisins | 10. Pistachio nuts | 15. Fava beans |

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

V. Mediterranean Center: Includes the borders of the Mediterranean Sea.

This region lists 84 plants including olive and many cultivated vegetables and forages.



Cereals and Legumes

1. Durum wheat, *Triticum durum expansum*
2. Emmer, *Triticum dicoccum* (one of the centers)
3. Polish wheat, *Triticum polonicum*
4. Spelt, *Triticum spelta*
5. Mediterranean oats, *Avena byzantina*
6. Sand oats, *Avena brevis*
7. Canarygrass, *Phalaris canariensis*
8. Grass pea, *Lathyrus sativus*
9. Pea, *Pisum sativum* (large seeded varieties)
10. Lupine, *Lupinus albus*, and others

Forage Plants

1. Egyptian clover, *Trifolium alexandrinum*
2. White clover, *Trifolium repens*
3. Crimson clover, *Trifolium incarnatum*
4. Serradella, *Ornithopus sativus*

Oil and Fiber Plants

1. Flax, *Linum usitatissimum*, and wild *L. angustifolium*
2. Rape, *Brassica napus*
3. Black mustard, *Brassica nigra*
4. Olive, *Olea europaea*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

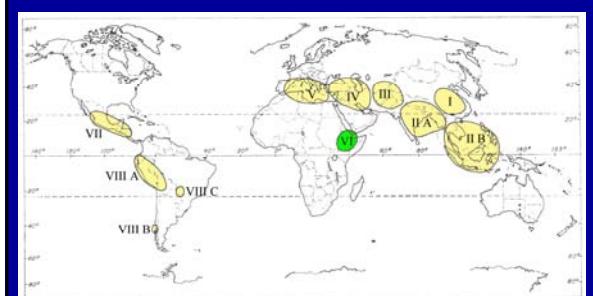
Vegetables

1. Garden beet, *Beta vulgaris*
2. Cabbage, *Brassica oleracea*
3. Turnip, *Brassica campestris*, *B. napus*
4. Lettuce, *Lactuca sativa*
5. Asparagus, *Asparagus officinalis*
6. Celery, *Apium graveolens*
7. Chicory, *Cichorium intybus*
8. Parsnip, *Pastinaca sativa*
9. Rhubarb, *Rheum officinale*

Oil and Spice Plants

1. Caraway, *Carum carvi*
2. Anise, *Pimpinella anisum*
3. Thyme, *Thymus vulgaris*
4. Peppermint, *Mentha piperita*
5. Sage, *Salvia officinalis*
6. Hop, *Humulus lupulus*

VI. Abyssinian Center: Includes Abyssinia, Eritrea, (=Ethiopia) and part of Somali.
This center lists 38 species; rich in wheat and barley.



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Grains and Legumes

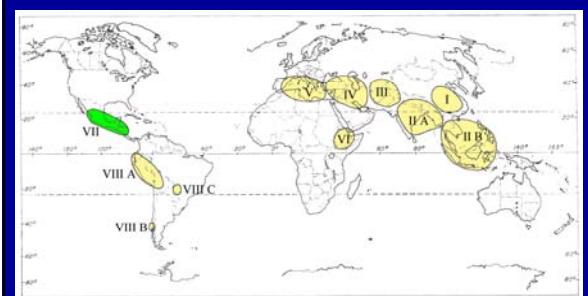
1. Abyssinian hard wheat, *Triticum durum abyssinicum*
2. Poulard wheat, *Triticum turgidum abyssinicum*
3. Emmer, *Triticum dicoccum abyssinicum*
4. Polish wheat, *Triticum polonicum abyssinicum*
5. Barley, *Hordeum sativum* (great diversity of forms)
6. Grain sorghum, *Andropogon sorghum*
7. Pearl millet, *Pennisetum spicatum*
8. African millet, *Eleusine coracana*
9. Cowpea, *Vigna sinensis*
10. Flax, *Linum usitatissimum*

Miscellaneous

1. Sesame, *Sesamum indicum* (basic center)
2. Castor bean, *Ricinus communis* (a center)
3. Garden cress, *Lepidium sativum*
4. Coffee, *Coffea arabica*
5. Okra, *Hibiscus esculentus*
6. Myrrh, *Commiphora abyssinica*
7. Indigo, *Indigofera argentea*

NEW WORLD

VII. South Mexican and Central American:
Includes southern sections of Mexico, Guatemala,
Honduras and Costa Rica.



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Grains and Legumes

1. Maize, *Zea mays*
2. Common bean, *Phaseolus vulgaris*
3. Lima bean, *Phaseolus lunatus*
4. Tepary bean, *Phaseolus acutifolius*
5. Jack bean, *Canavalia ensiformis*
6. Grain amaranth, *Amaranthus paniculatus leucocarpus*

Melons

1. Malabar gourd, *Cucurbita ficifolia*
2. Winter pumpkin, *Cucurbita moschata*
3. Chayote, *Sechium edule*

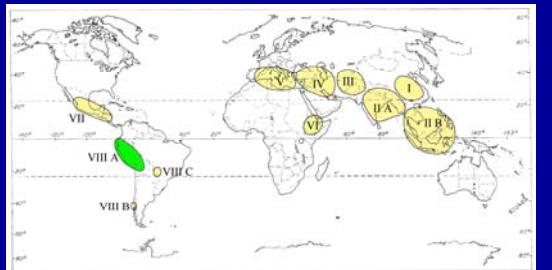
Miscellaneous

1. Sweetpotato, *Ipomoea batatas*
2. Arrowroot, *Maranta arundinacea*
3. Pepper, *Capsicum annuum*, *C. frutescens*
4. Papaya, *Carica papaya*
5. Guava, *Psidium guayava*
6. Cashew, *Anacardium occidentale*
7. Wild black cherry, *Prunus serotina*
8. Cochenial, *Nopalea cochinellifera*
9. Cherry tomato, *Lycopersicum cerasiforme*
10. Cacao, *Theobroma cacao*
11. Tobacco, *Nicotiana rustica*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

VIII. South American Center: (62 plants listed) Three subcenters are found.

A. Peruvian, Ecuadorean, Bolivian Center: Comprised mainly of the high mountainous areas, formerly the center of the Megalithic or Pre-Inca civilization.



Root Tubers

1. Andean potato, *Solanum andigenum* ($2n = 96$)
2. Other endemic cultivated potato species. Fourteen or more species with $2n$ chromosome numbers varying from 24 to 60.
3. Edible nasturtium, *Tropaeolum tuberosum*. Coastal regions of Peru and non-irrigated subtropical and tropical regions of Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia included:

Grains and Legumes

1. Starchy maize, *Zea mays amylacea*
2. Lima bean, *Phaseolus lunatus* (secondary center)
3. Common bean, *Phaseolus vulgaris* (secondary center)

Root Tubers

1. Edible canna, *Canna edulis*
2. Potato, *Solanum phureja* ($2n = 24$)

Vegetable Crops

1. Pepino, *Solanum muricatum*
2. Tomato, *Lycopersicum esculentum*
3. Ground cherry, *Physalis peruviana*
4. Pumpkin, *Cucurbita maxima*
5. Pepper, *Capsicum frutescens*

History of Horticulture: Lecture 5

Fiber Plants

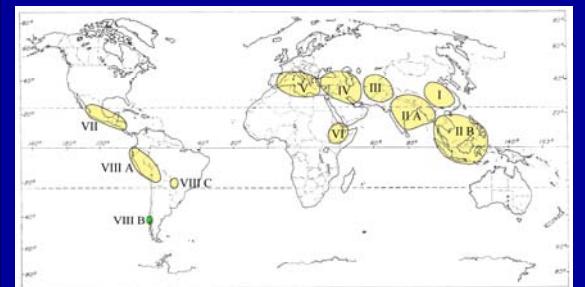
1. Egyptian cotton, *Gossypium barbadense*

Fruit and Miscellaneous

1. Passion flower, *Passiflora ligularis*
2. Guava, *Psidium guajava*
3. Heilborn, *Carica candamarcensis*
4. Quinine tree, *Cinchona calisaya*
5. Tobacco, *Nicotiana tabacum*

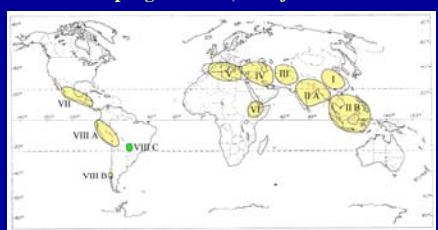
VIII B. Chiloe Center (Island near the coast of southern Chile)

1. Common potato, *Solanum tuberosum* ($2n = 48$)
2. Wild strawberry, *Fragaria chiloensis*



VIII C. Brazilian-Paraguayan Center

1. Manioc, *Manihot utilissima*
2. Peanut, *Arachis hypogaea*
3. Rubber tree, *Hevea brasiliensis*
4. Pineapple, *Ananas comosa*
5. Brazil nut, *Bertholletia excelsa*
6. Cashew, *Anacardium occidentale*
7. Purple granadilla, *Passiflora edulis*



History of Horticulture: Lecture 5